## WELCOME TO OUR Y10 GUIDANCE, SUPPORT AND REVISION EVENING



### **EXCELLENCE IN EVERYTHING**

**RESPECT HONESTY KINDNESS** 



## Why are we here?

This is Bob.

- His Target Grades are 6s and 7s
- His Current Grades are mainly 5s, 6s and 7s
- His Predicted Grades (at the moment) are all on target.

We have three terms: how are we going to ensure that Bob remains on target (in order to achieve his potential), but also challenge and stretch him, so that he will exceed those target grades?



This is Andrea.

- Her Target Grades are mainly 6s and 7s
- Her Current Grades are mainly 4s and 5s, but she has a 3 in English Language.
- Her Predicted Grades (at the moment) are 5s and 6s.

We have three terms: how are we going to get Andrea to meet her targets and fulfil her potential? Focus for this session:

Attendance

Attitude and Engagement in their learning (AEL) – how can we support them at home?

- Practical tips for 'setting them up for revision'
- Practical tips for revising
- Practical tips for supporting them in their revision.
- Next Steps: Careers Guidance





### Top Tip No. 1: Get them to school every day, on time!

"My child's got a 95% attendance record – that seems pretty good to me!"

### ls it?

- 95% Attendance = HALF A DAY of lessons missed every two weeks
- 95% Attendance = Two weeks of lessons missed each year.

## EVERY LESSON COUNTS!

	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday	Sunday
9:00am - 10:00am		Serve Ta	Contract State				
10:00am - 11:00am						Sleep	Church
11:00am - 12:00pm							Child
12:00pm - 1:00pm		C	cho			Biology RS	
1:00pm - 2:00pm		3	CIIU	UI		B	Contraction of the local division of the loc
2:00pm - 3:00pm							Homework
3:00pm - 4:00pm							Maths
4:00pm – 5:00pm			German				
:00pm – 6:00pm	BTC	RS	Dinner	Biology	Physics		
:00pm – 7:00pm	Dinner	Dinner German	1 and 1	Dinner	Dinner	Dinner	Dinner
:00pm – 8:00pm	Physics	Maths	GB	English			
00pm – 9:00pm	Geography	English	And Andrewson	Geography			
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2	Д	B	C	Ð	Ε	F	6	н
1	WEEK1	5:00-5:45	6:00-6:45	7:00-7:30		1.1		
2	Mon	Science	Geog	Science				
3	Tue	Maths	French	Maths				
4	Wed	Science	Science	Maths				
5	Thurs	Maths	Science	French				
õ	Friday	Maths	English	Science				
7	CONDICT OF	12-12:45	1:00-1:45	2:00-2:45	3:00-3:45	4:00-4:45	5:00-5:45	
8	Saturday	Geog	Maths	Science	Geog	French	Science	
9	Sunday	Science	Science	English	Geog	Maths	Maths	
10								
11								



**Recall Section**: as soon as you can after the session, review the notes section and jot down key concepts and important ideas.

**Notes Section:** note down main ideas and concepts; try to use your own words where possible; don't write in full sentences – use key words and abbreviations.

**The Summary Section:** summarise your main points in this section.

8	Cor	nell Note taking method:
		Cue words Notes taken in class
		Key terms Questions
		Main ideas
	۲	
		Summary
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4,	-	becoming-a-lawyertumblr.com

### How do we revise?

### How do we take notes?

Ask them to consider: why am I doing what I'm doing? What am I trying to achieve?

~2 inches 2. THIS IS THE RECALL COLUMN As soon as possible after lecture, review the notes column, take main ideas, key concepts, and important facts and write them in the recall column

IS SO EFFECTIVE OMG WHY WEREN'T WE TAUGHT TH by lavidapoliglota.tumblr.com

### **1. THIS IS THE NOTES COLUMN**

During lectures, note main ideas and concepts. Don't mindlessly copy - rephrase what you can to retain information

**CORNELL METHOD NOTETA** 

Skip one line between ideas,

several between topics

Avoid writing in complete sentences, use symbols and abbreviations, e.g.: Pelayo, a descendant of the Visigoth aristocracy, founded the Kingdom of Asturias in 718.

Pelayo (dscdt/Visigoth arist.) fd. Asturias 718

### **3. THIS IS THE SUMMARY SECTION**

### Summarise main points here at the end

Info taken from http://www.heritagehawks.org/faculty/dbrown/HistoryClass/TheCornellMethod.htm

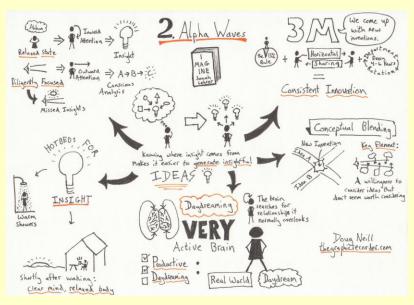
By Viola @studybirburny HOW TO HIGHLIGHT - Do not use one single-coloured highlighter - Instead, try use several different colours - Assign each colour a specific purpose - This creates a colour coding system. - Therefore making your your material easier to understand and learn EXAMPLE OF A SYSTEM - Pink: titles and headlines - Blue: for terminology and vocab. - Green: definitions and explanations of terminology (green explains blue) Tip; Use light colours when - Orange: Examples of the term. - Yellow: Other things, misc. highlighting a lot of text, like green

### APPLYING IT TO A TEXT

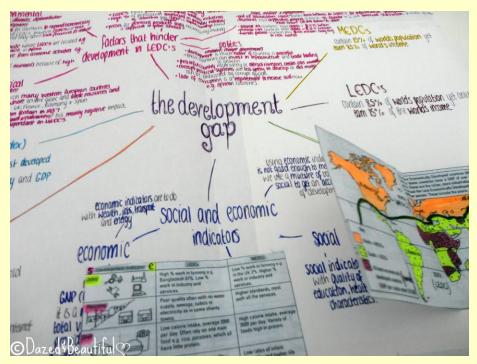
### Berries and fruit

The botanical definition of a berry is a fleshy fruit produced from a single flower and containing one single ovary. There are both poisonous and eatable berries. Some common eatable ones include strawberries, tomatoes and peppers.









### MP3/podcasts/video

- For those who learn best by listening.
- Revision can be taken out and about.
- Podcasts are already available for some subjects.
- Audio/video recordings can be easily made on smart phones/MP3 players which can be personalised.

earning Intentions)

#### In list the banefits of different revision strategies.

o evaluate how different revision techniques can help revision for different subjects



Some Practical Techniques for Revision:

- □ Mind Mapping
- □ Using KEY words and phrases/mnemonics/acronyms create 'triggers'.
- Using sounds: recording your own voice; using songs and rhymes; listening to podcasts etc.
- Using space create a guided tour around your revision space that you revise. Use posters, mindmaps and visual aids that you 'walk through'. In the exam you then walk through this space in your head visualising what you can see.
- □ Cue Cards summarise key information!
- □ Study groups approach with caution but these can be really useful if done in the right way.
- Teach someone else... if it becomes normal to say it, you are more likely to write it
- Use exam papers and mark schemes
- $\Box$  Work under timed conditions
- □ Questions and answers: get someone to ask you questions can you answer them?
- Think like a teacher scrutinise exam papers and know them inside out. Get them used to asking questions like: What has the exam board asked in previous exam questions regarding this topic? What else could they ask? Predict the question based on the introductory information that goes before the question.
- □ Collate a list of useful websites for each subject and useful video clips.
- □ REVIEW, RECALL and REMEMBER it is never too early to start revising.



### **Ten Top Tips** For Revision Success!





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Mix it up a bit

There are different went of reading like there are different ways of memoring information. Robust that and copying out, try-showing diagrams, reading about. placking it are plat its on the stall. Waleset furbat



#### Feed & water regularly

Like a car, if you can call of petrol you're not going to. get usey has a hell and underent reveluine leases, in a lengtheffulact mulaint basis leaving to highly tuned regime?



The early bird... Construction where, or of loast has a service investigaplan. The earlier you triard. Her lists good 2 has a familie in entited.

Look to the past

This down't biaster a time mathine, just shocking sait

old-isempaper. It can help you plan, were and calm

you down?

Testing times

Dashi put signal, charik whish you know. You can its that

such friends, family, in on your your. Testing is a great

way of combalney those server by conforming what you

more and bling to the paper.

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#### Take regular breaks!

Don't head for information overhead. We're rest theigned to work figh-cut and work far more efficiently if we take regular breaks. Try to get up and move around, have a farius Pyrix ward, Don't Jak disse the Issue, make the most of that time off.

Before you start, plan

walks at done it, open too long moving the shally rough

stuff leaving no time for the restancing SICHs of our sources: Plan, exits to it and stort partici-

A Room of One's Own



#### Early to bed

It's the right before the many. Now you've done at that smok it's tome to give prior train a riest, so you're in tigtop confiden for sitting that mean. Good back!



How many subjects do you need to revise for? What other commitments do you have which prevent you from revising?

When do you want to start?



Circle the exam dates on your planner Allocate particular subjects/exams to each learning chunk,

Check that you have covered each exam/subject adequately, make sure that you revise in a sensible order - no point preparing for the last exam first!



#### Revise on the go!

range of tailor-made podcasts for GCSE students to help you in the run-up to your exams. These resources have been made available

REE OF CHARGE to all Sandhill View School pupils.

Simply visit GCSEPOD.co.uk and register with your school email address.



Revision cards are among the most popular revision resources. The idea is that you summarise some information on a single blank card. You can make them online at www.g

How can they be used?

1) Write questions on one side and answers on the other, then test yourself or ask someone else to test you.

2) Write key names or terms on one side and a summary of what they mean on the other side

3) Write the advantages of something on one side and the disadvantages on the other side

4) Write about something in reasonable detail on one side and use the other side to summarise key points as a short list (no more than five points).









HOW TO REVI

use further branches to develop those points.



#### Top tip....

Exam board websites are the places to go for infor-mation about the types of exams, specificiation (syllabuses), past exam papers, mark schemes and examiners reports

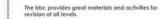
#### Here are some:

AQA www.aqa.org.uk Edexcel www.edexcel.com OCR www.ocr.org.uk Welsh board : www.wjec.co.uk

wordsearches, quizzes and gives access to thousands of resources that have worked for other students. You can create and join study groups and even create revision timetables

This website allows you to create revision cards.





#### www.s-cool.co.uk

Lots of 'chunked' information for all major subjects at GCSE and A level. You can test yourself too.



Mind maps are a way of organising ideas about a topic. A mind map usually starts with a central idea with a series of branches, each relating to one section of the main idea. These lead to other branches and so it goes on. A mind map allows you to see the whole topic on one sheet of paper. Making the mind map helps you learn both the detail and the big picture of a topic.

#### Now can they be used?

1) Stick them up somewhere in your house where you sif and dream, maybe your bedroom walls or ceiling

2) Illustrate some of the points on your mind map with some silly pictures. They will help you remember the point.

3) Spend some time learning the mind map, turn the paper the other way up and see if you can r emember it well enough to copy.

4) Use mind maps to plan essays. Put the title in the centre, then have one branch for each key point and

### Quick Tips for Revising:

- Make a start however much you don't want to then the hardest bit is over with!
- Build in short breaks create a pattern that works: 30 minutes revising = 5 minute break; 45 minutes revising = 15 minute break
- Do frequent short exercises stretches, neck and shoulder rolls, walking around etc.
- Drink water and get fresh air. Keep the temperature cool.
- □ Eat 'brain food' avoid sugar and have lots of healthy snacks around to eat little and often.
- □ Take a day off and do something completely different.

Don't leave the difficult bits until the end.

- Do something relaxing between revising and bedtime.
- STOP and take a break if you start feeling frustrated, angry, overwhelmed. Make a note of the problem to take to your next lesson and move on to something else.
- □ Focus on what you have done, not all the things that you haven't every little helps.
- Promise yourself little rewards after each session a favourite TV programme, reading a magazine or going out with friends.
- At the end of each session, file away your notes and clutter so that your work-area is clear for the next session.

## What else can we do? Pastoral Support Mrs Mather





## **Common Worries from Parents and Guardians!**

- They are not revising enough!
- They are revising too much!
- They are always stuck in their room
- We never seem to be able to talk
- How do I stop them from being stressed?



• These exams are stressing me out -how can I help them if I am stressed as well?!?!?!?

## **Choose Your Attitude**

- Perspective: Your child might not do it the way you would do it, or as often as you would like, but they are hopefully doing their best in the way that works for them.
- Sensitive: Be understanding when they have off days and remind them of all the good work they have done and will continue to do.



Model Resilience – exam stress is normal!

Be There! Show interest. Be Practical! Snacks!

Space! Routines!

## COMMON SIGNS OF STRESS ANXIETY **BECOMING IRRITABLE** TENSION SLEEPLESSNESS LOSS OF APPETITE DEPRESSION HEADACHE ISOLATION FATIGUE

Supporting your child in setting themselves up for revision:

Talk to your child – ask them how you can support them and what they would find useful.

- Help to make a list of what is needed help to avoid their procrastination
- Encourage them to file hand-outs and organise books early on (perhaps each night), so that they can find what they need easily
- Find out what additional support school offers visit the website and ask about revision/support sessions
   Support and help to guide decisions about revision aids ask teachers/school what they would recommend.
   Help them to plan and create their revision timetable invest time early and it will pay off in the end.





### Supporting your child in doing the revision:

- Support your child by ensuring that are sticking to their revision timetable. Give them praise when they do it and possible negotiate a reward structure. Avoid making treats dependent on results – this could only add to feelings of failure and disappointment, if they don't do as well as expected.
- Perhaps create a 'workbox' that is filled with pens, sticky-notes, highlighters, etc., so they feel prepared.
- Negotiate the 'rules for revision' think about access to mobile phones, TVs, games consoles etc., and decide what you both agree on. Remember music might be a helpful tool to aid revision.
- □ Provide healthy snacks and water for revision session.
- Be flexible if they want to miss a session because they have a party, ask them when they will make the time up.
- □ Be sensitive to the pressure be understanding when they have off days and remind them of all the good work they have done and will continue to do.
- □ Show an interest talk through difficulties and be prepared to help them reschedule or help them put things into perspective.
- Keep perspective your child might not do it the way you would do it, or as often as you would like, but they are hopefully doing their best in the way that works for them.





### **Excellent Revision Websites and Guides**

Teacher Recommendations:

- English: Blog Mr Hanson's English; Shmoop; Cliff Notes; no fear Shakespeare; Google Classroom
- Mathematics: www.corbettmaths.com; Sparx maths
- Science: Kerboodle; revision materials from department
- MFL: www.duolingo.com; www.atantot.com; www.languagesonline.org.uk
- \* Business, ICT and iMedia: Google Classroom has all the relevant revision websites to access
- Humanities: Google Classroom; revision video clips from modules that can be obtained from your teacher; revision materials from department
- Creative Technology: coursework is a crucial part of the GCSE, so it is imperative that pupils are making the most of their time in lessons, and where possible in after school sessions too.
- Music: Focus on Sound; Google Classroom: <u>https://redhill.musicfirst.co.uk/app/;</u> <u>https://www.bbc.com/bitesize/subjects/zpf3cdm;</u>
  - <u>http://www.rhinegoldeducation.co.uk/product/wjeceduqas-gcse-music-revision-guide/;</u> <u>https://www.illuminatepublishing.com/index.php?main\_page=index&cPath=28</u>
- Pastoral: <u>https://www.goconqr.com/en/gcse/revision-tips/how-to-deal-with-exam-stress/</u>

# **Exam Specifications**

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	DON'T FORGET TO BOOK YOUR SLOT FOR YEAR 7 MEET THE TUTOR EVENING HERE				
¥	ABOUT OUR SCHOOL NEWS & EVENTS	PARENTS & STUDENTS			
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		EXAM INFO, TIMETABLES		ISION SI	ESSION
	EXAM INFO, TIMETABLES AND	EXTRA CURRICULAR ACTIV FRIENDS OF REDHILL GCSE LEARNING ROUTES ICT AND GOOGLE CLASSR	2022	PORT	
	<b>REVISION SESSIONS</b>	IN-YEAR SCHOOL PLACE LATEST COVID GOVERNME LETTERS HOME	ENT GUID	ANCE	
	Year 11 Mock Exams: Monday 5th December - Friday 16th December 202	ONLINE SAFETY AND MEN PARENT PAY	TAL HEA	TH	

These can be found on our website: parents & students – exam info, timetables and revision sessions.

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### <u>Y10 Exams – April 2024</u>

Morning – Start time 8.40am		Date	Afternoon – Start time 1.40pm	
French Reading Foundation	0.45		Combined Science Biology Paper 1	1.00
French Listening Foundation	0.35	Monday	Biology Paper 1	1.00
French Reading Higher	1.00	22 <sup>nd</sup>		
French Listening Higher	0.45	April		
English Language Paper 1	1.45		History: Anglo-Saxon, Norman England	0.50
		Tuesday 23 <sup>rd</sup>		
		April		
Geography Paper 1 (Physical)	1.30	Wednesday 24 <sup>th</sup>	Mathematics Paper 1 Non-calculator	1.00
RE: Paper 1 Religion, Peace and Conflict PE Paper 1 – Fitness and Body Systems	1.30 1.30	April Thursday 25 <sup>th</sup>	Combined Science Chemistry Paper 1 Chemistry Paper 1	1.15 1.45
Music Listening	1.30	April Friday 26 <sup>th</sup> April	Drama – Section A	1.00

Morning – Start time 8.40am		Afternoon – Start time 1.40pm		
Spanish Reading Foundation	0.45		Physics	1.00
Spanish Listening Foundation	0.35	Monday		
Spanish Reading Higher	1.00	29 <sup>th</sup>		
Spanish Listening Higher	0.45	April		
Business Paper 2	1.30	Tuesday 30 <sup>th</sup> April	RE: Paper 2 Religion and Ethics PE Paper 2 Health and Performance	1.00
Food Preparation and Nutrition	1.45	Wednesday 1 <sup>st</sup> May	History – Medicine, c1250-Present	1.15
Maths Paper 2 Calculator MID SESSION: 11:10 Geography Paper 2 (Human)	0.30	Thursday 2 <sup>nd</sup> May	Year 11 BTEC External Exams	
Design and Technology	2.00	Friday 3rd	French Writing Foundation French Writing Higher Spanish Writing Foundation	1.00

### Mock Exam Timetable

# Mathematics, Science and English

## English

## **English Overview:**

AQA	AQA
English Literature	English Language
Macbeth	Transactional Writing
A Christmas Carol	Creative Writing
An Inspector Calls	Fiction and Non-fiction texts
Poetry Anthology: 15 Poems	Summary skills
Unseen Poems- 2 questions	Inference and deduction skills

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Unseen and Conflict Poetry

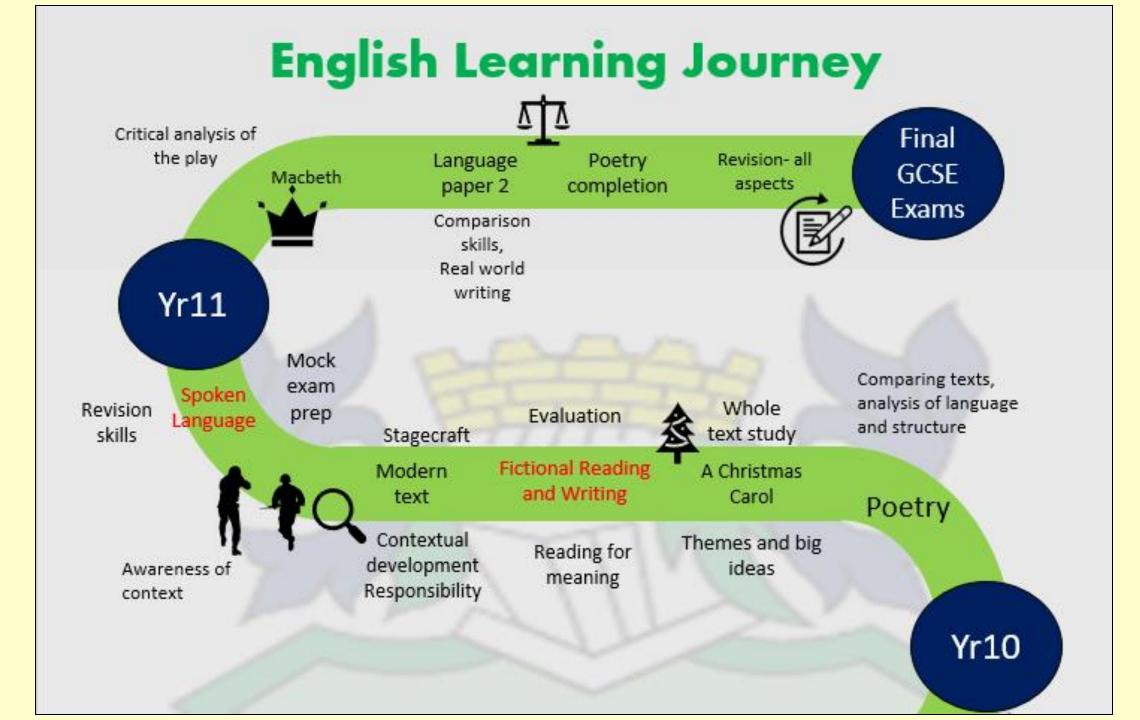
A Christmas Carol

Language Paper 1

An Inspector Calls

Spoken Language

Year 11
Macbeth
Language Paper 2
Finish Poetry
Revision



### Key Dates:

## **Key Information:**

### April Mocks:

1. English Language Paper 1: Creative Reading and Writing Tuesday 23rd April

June Mock: 1. English Literature Paper 2: An Inspector Calls, Poetry Anthology, **Unseen Poetry** Thursday 13th June



#### **KS4 ENGLISH LITERATURE** What is English Literature? English Literature is will help students develop their analytical skills as they study a range of literary texts. It focuses on enriching students' engagement with stories and the world we live in. What do we cover? What do the exams look like? ▶ **▲** Macbeth • • • Shakespeare The exam is closed-book meaning A Christmas Carol students will not have access to the Pre-19th century prose text. They have a large amount of text An Inspector Calls Ŵ

to digest and recall, so we recommend a little and often approach to support their cognitive load.

### How many exams are there?

Paper 1	-	Paper 2			
Shakespeare and A Christmas Carol	1 hour 45 mins	An Inspector Calls, Poetry Anthology and Unseen Poetry	2 hours 15 minutes		
Exam date: 13 <sup>th</sup> May 202	4	Exam date: 20th May 2024			

#### How can I support my child? Our exam board for English Literature is AQA.

- Useful websites:
- Seneca
- Padlet
- Youtube: Search for your topic!
- Bitesize
- Quizlet
- School Website: English

Orders are placed annually for revision guides. We are able to get the guides at a severally discounted school price. Revision guides are not compulsory as there are so many free online resources available. If you would like to purchase them independently, the images below are the best revision guides:



### **KS4 ENGLISH LANGUAGE** AQA

### What is English Literature?

English Language focuses on developing students' reading, writing, speaking, and listening skills. It allows students to be exposed to fiction and non-fiction texts from both the UK and the World.

### What do the exams cover?

5000	Paper 1	Paper 2
rinespous	One Fiction Extract	Two Non-Fiction Extracts
	Identify four pieces of information 4 marks	Four true or false facts from an extract 4 marks
	Analysing language from a given moment in the extract 8 morks	Summarising and inferencing two texts together 8 marks
	Analysing structure across the extract 8 marks	Analyse language from one of the extracts 12 marks
	Evaluating a statement in relation to the extract 20 marks	Comparing the two texts focusing on writers' intentions 16 marks
	Creative writing: Descriptive OR narrative 40 marks	Transactional writing: A letter, speech, article, essay or leaflet. 40 morks
	Exam date: 23 <sup>rd</sup> May 2024	Exam date: 6 <sup>th</sup> June 2024

#### How can I support my child? Our exam board for English Language is AQA. Useful websites:

- Padlet
- . Youtube: Mr Bruff's Language
- Bitesize
- Quizlet ٠
- School Website: English

#### Other ways to support:

- Watch/download a news app to keep up-to-date with current affairs
- Read fiction and non-fiction texts.

#### Can I order revision guides?

Orders are placed annually for revision guides. We are able to get the guides at a severally discounted school price. Revision guides are not compulsory as there are so many free online resources available. If you would like to purchase them independently, here are our top two recommended books:

### What do the exams look like?

Across both papers students will read extracts they have not encountered before and answer corresponding questions. The skills per question remain the same annually, but the extract changes. Reading exposure is encouraged for this paper.



### summaries

termly assessments.

### Can I order revision guides?



Post-19th century prose

Other ways to support: Encourage re-reading of texts

Poetry & Unseen Poetry

- Ensure they're revising for half

### Help memorise guotations Test students on chapter/scene

## Poetry through an Anthology

## How can students revise?

#### POWER AND CONFLICT POETRY 10x10 100 QUESTIONS RECALL GRID

What is the form of Wordsworth's 'The Prelude'?	Why does 'The Emigree' open with 'There once was a country'?	What are the different types of tissue referenced in 'Tissue'?	What does 'a rifle numb as a smashed arm' suggest in 'Bayonet Charge'?	Why is the speaker's memory of her home country in 'The Emigree' not entirely reliable?	How are the statues legs described in 'Ozymandias'?	In 'The Emigree', what has happened to the speaker's language?	How does Annihige show that soldiers have become de- sensitised to the violence of war?	'Uttle boats strung out like'	Which themes are explored in 'My Last Duchess'?
Which themes are explored in Ozymandias?	What or who is the main enemy in 'Exposure'?	Who does Blake criticise in 'London' and why?	How is man's arrogance explored in 'Storm on the Island'?	How is death personified in 'The Charge of the Light Brigade'?	In 'Remains', why is 'the drink and the drugs won't flush him out' ironic?	What is the significance of 'for love of God seems dying' in 'Exposure'?	Why does the speaker describe his boat as an 'elfin pinnace'?	"Bayonet Charge" opens in medias res. What does this mean?	How is human arrogance explored in 'Tissue'?
What is the mother longing for in 'Poppies'?	How is anaphora used in 'The Charge of the Light Brigade'?	'I am by an of sunlight."	'A peak, and huge.'	How are shame and regret explored in 'Kamikaze'?	What does the term 'chartered' tell us about life in London?	"Paper that lets the through."	What are the themes imtiaz Dharker explores in 'Tissue'?	What does the Duke say he has gifted his Duchess?	Why is 'nothing beside remains' in 'Oxymandias' ambiguous?
What has happened to the institution of marriage in 'London'?	What does the speaker in 'Remains' suffer from?	How is 'valley of Death' a biblical reference in 'The Charge of the Light Brigade'?	The Duke says he has no skill in speech. Why is this false?	"Storm on the Island' is written in blank verse. What does this mean?	'tell me bout and all dat.'	Why does Wilfred Owen repeat 'but nothing happens' in 'Exposure'?	What happens to the speaker's arrogance in 'The Prelude' and why?	What happens to the soldier's reasons for fighting 'Bayonet Charge'?	How is the speaker of 'Checking Out Me History' conflicted?
How are war photographs disregarded by the public?	How does the Duke describe the Duchess' heart?	What form is 'Ozymandias'?	Hew dues the structure of 'War Photographer' mirror the 'ordered rows' of the photos?	'It is a huge nothing that we fear.' - What does this mean?	How is nature presented at the beginning of 'The Prelude'?	How is 'solutions slop in trays' ambiguous in 'War Photographer'?	Why is 'Poppies' written as a first- person narrative?	'Our ache in the iced east	What are the 'mind-forged manacles' the speaker hears?
How does Dharker explore the fragility of life in 'Tissue'?	Why does Armitage include grotesque, exaggerated images of violence in his poem?	What or who is Owen criticising in 'Exposure'?	What does the 'yellow hare' symbolise in 'Bayonet Charge'?	How is the Duke presented as powerful in 'My Last Duchess'?	What is power?	Why is the Duke threatened by the Duchess' behaviour?	How does Shelley present Ozymandias' hubris?	Why does no one speak to the kamikaze pilot when he returns?	What are the connotations of Armistice Sunday in 'Poppies'?
What has happened to the son at the end of 'Popples'?	How does Daven challenge the idea of a starreotypical enemy in "Exposure"?	Why was Blake a supporter of the French Revolution?	Where does conflict appear in 'Kamikaze'?	Why does the speaker at "the Enigree" describe her city's streets as 'white'?	How does Shelley present Ozymandias' insignificance?	'Running in a heat.'	What has happened to patriotism in 'Bayonet Charge'?	Who are the exportant historical figures mentioned by the speaker in 'Checking Out Me History'?	Why is there a strong ABAB rhyme scheme in 'London'?
What is Shelley saying about power in 'Ozymandias'?	How is the Duchess treated as a possession by the Duke and why?	What is Armitage trying to create by making the expressions in 'Remains' colloquial?	'The flung spray like a cat turned savage.'	What themes are explored in 'The Charge of the Light Brigade'?	What is conflict?	Why does Owen describe soldiers as 'ghosts' in 'Exposure'?	What are the first three words of 'Storm on the Island'?	What themes are explored in 'The Prelude'?	In 'The Emigree', why does the speaker compare her memory of her country to a 'bright filled paperweight'
Why are the soldiers described as 'noble' in TCOTLB?	Why are the British historical figures in 'Checking Out Me History' skipped over guickly?	What are the themes Armitage explores in 'Remains'?	"I carving out me identity" – What is the speaker of "Checking Out Me History" doing?	What has happened to the speaker's home country in 'The Emigree'?	Why does the Duke mention the artist, fra Pandolf, in his monologue?	What is the 'cold clockwork' Hughes mentions in 'Bayonet Charge'?	Shelley and Blake are Romantic poets. What does this mean?	Where does power appear in 'Kamikaze'?	How does Owen create a collective voice in 'Exposure'?
What does sunlight represent in 'The Emigree'?	What does Dharker say controls our lives in 'Tissue'?	What is the significance of the 'figure of eight' in 'Kamikaze'?	How is the power of language made apparent in 'Ozymandias'?	What does the kamikaze pilot have a head full of?	What is the relationship like between the mother and her son in ?expples?	What does light represent in 'Tissue'?	Why are the historical figures in 'Checking Out We History' associated with light?	What are the violent verbs Hearey uses in "Storm on the loland" to present the effects of the weather?	Why does the speaker of 'Checking Out Me History' pair British history with nursery chymes?

- Revise and recall key quotations from across the texts: this is a closed-book exam (Literature)
- The information booklet contains:
  - Quotation recall activities
  - Practice questions

#### English Language: Paper 1

#### PAPER I MINI MOCK: A POLAROID OF PEGGY

- Source A: The opening of a novel. 'A Polaroid of Paggg, published in 2015. Peggy and I wandered back down Fifth Avenue with the rest of the crowd dribbling out of the Robert Palmer concert that had just reached its exhausted finale in Central Park. It was part of the annual Dr Pepper Central Park Music Festival and whatever Robert Palmer may have thought, I, for one, was extremely grateful for their sponsorship, because it was one of those unbearable summer
- 5 nights in Manhattan very late summer, it was already September when the humidity is a thousand per cent and even the most refined of ladies gistens buckets. We grabbed the ice-cold cans that were being handed out as we left the arena and not just because they were free. On a night like that, an ice-cold anything is a lifeline. With my de rigueur denim jacket slung over my shoulder don't know why Td bought it, far too hot to wear, but once a fashionista always a fashionista, I suppose I tossed back 10 my head and drained the lot.
- You like this stuff? asked Peggy. 'Actually, I've never had it before. We don't get it in England.' We don't get it here either, 'said Peggy. 'I mean, we do, but I don't know anyone who ever, like, gets it. 'Somebody must,' I said. 'Yup. Somebody must.' Yes, you're right. An utterly unremarkable, nothingy, so-what exchange and yet, for me,
- Tes, you re non. An uterry unremainable, notiningy, so-what exchange and yet, for me, is intoxicating. It was the rhythm of Peggy's voice that I swooned over. The little staccato bursts, the subtlest of inflections, the bone dry delivery. It was pure essence of New York. Not the On the Waterfront, Hell's Kitchen, Hey-Youse-Gimme-A-Cawfee Noo Yawk. But something else; sharp, smart, sassy, seductive. Yes, all those cliches that, when put together, beget another whole alliterating string of them: Manhattan, Martinis, Madison Avenue. It was all there in Peggy's voice, every time she 20 sooke.
- So maybe you're thinking it was the idea of Peggy that I was so infatuated with. That any pretty uptown girl might have done just as well. It's a legitimate debating point, and I will admit that maybe there's the timiest scintilla of truth that I was, indeed, in love with the idea of a girl like Peggy. After all, was, with one or two minor caveats, in love with everything 'New York'. But inside Peggy's New York wrapper was someone who rang so many bells for me, I would have become every bit as besotted
- with her if she'd come from Nanking or Namia. I had the not very original idea – still do – that love is a wavelength thing. It's just a question of finding someone who is on the same one as you. Nobody that I have ever met – not before nor since – received my signal and sent back hers so clearly, with so little interference, as Peggy. No moody
- 30 dropout. No emotional static. It was, for those few short months, such an unburdening relief to find someone to whom I could get through and who came through to me. As I had had so little real hope of finding someone like that – never got remotely close to it before so why should I ever? – I was simply amazed. And even more amazing was Peggy's often given and never solicited – well, only very rarely solicited – assurance that the feeling was entirely mutual. There was Peggy in this relationship, there was me, and for the first, and perhaps only, time in my life, there was a real, almost tangible 'us', the
- sum that was greater than the parts. So, given all this, how on earth had we managed to get ourselves into a situation where tonight would

38 be our last?

QUESTIONS	
Q/ - 4 MARKS - 5 MINUTES Use lines 1-4. List four things you learn about the setting.	Q4 - 20 MARKS - 25 MINUTES Use lines 21-38. A student said "The writer wants us to realise how in love the narrator is, so that it is unexpected and upsetting that the relationship does not last." To what extent do you agree? In your response, you could: • write your own impressions about the characters • evaluate how the writer has created these impressions • support your opinions with references to the text.
Q2- 8 MARKS - IO MIDUTES Using lines 11-20. How does the writer use language to describe the narrator's view of Peggy's speech?	
Q3- 8 MARKS - IO MINUTES Use the whole source. How does the writer structure the text to interest you as a reader?	

 Engage in world news and reading for creativity and information relevance (Language)

### Top tips:

- Re-read our key texts: audio books are freely available on Youtube
- Practice. 2 hours and 15 minutes is a long time to write for!
- Use revision apps such as quizlet, Youtube, Tiktok, etc.
- Use Google classroom resources from teacher and department
- Key websites can be found in the English area of the school website.

## Mathematics

## Mathematics Year 10 Mock Examinations

### Paper 1 – Wednesday 24<sup>th</sup> April (pm)

• Non-Calculator Paper

• 1 hour

### Paper 2 – Thursday 2<sup>nd</sup> May (am)

Calculator Paper

• 1 hour

• Both papers will assess topics covered in both Year 9 & Year 10

## Know what will be covered..

- Below you will find topics lists for each paper at each tier
- Use these topic lists to <u>reflect on your strengths and target areas</u>
  - How did you do on each topic in class?
- Was there an area you were getting stuck/ making mistakes with?
  Is there formulae to remember?

## <u>Year 10 Higher Paper 1</u> Wednesday 24<sup>th</sup> April (pm)

- Rounding & Estimation
  - Indices
  - Standard Form
    - Surds
- Changing the Subject
  - Linear Graphs
  - Real Life Graphs
- Area & Perimeter inc Compound Shapes & Circles

<u>Year 10 Higher Paper 2 (calc)</u> <u>Thursday 2<sup>nd</sup> May (am)</u>

- Expanding & Factorising
- Forming & Solving Equations
  - Linear Sequences
    - Scatter Graphs
  - Quadratic Graphs
  - Cubic & Reciprocal Graphs
- Applying Pythagoras' Theorem
  - Right Angled Trigonometry
    - Arcs & Sectors
- Volume & Surface Area inc Prisms & Complex Shapes

### <u>Year 10 Foundation Paper 1</u> <u>Wednesday 24<sup>th</sup> April (pm)</u>

- Factors, Multiples & Primes
- Four Operations with Integers & Decimals
  - Simplifying Algebraic Expressions
    - Arithmetic with Fractions
    - Solving Linear Equations
    - Angles inc Parallel Lines
      - Types of Data
    - Converting Metric Units
      - Linear Graphs
      - Transformations
        - Ratio

<u>Year 10 Foundation Paper 2 (calc)</u> <u>Thursday 2<sup>nd</sup> May (am)</u>

- Standard Form
- Expanding & Factorising
  - Linear Sequences
  - Angles in Polygons
  - Calculating Averages
- Area & Perimeter inc Compound Shapes
  - Volume & Surface Area of Prisms
    - Real Life Graphs
    - Transformations
      - Proportion

## Target the tricky!

 Although it is often easier to re-practise the topics you feel confident with, it is the <u>areas you feel less confident with that need the most</u> <u>attention</u>

• Once you have identified the areas you need to target (remember you have analysis sheets to help), you now need to consider how to boost your confidence in these skills ③

## How to fill the gaps ..

- You may start by looking at your class notes but <u>active revision</u> is best
- Step 1 WATCH instructional videos on Sparx Maths/ Corbett Maths to refresh the key concept and make any useful notes (formulae/methods)
- Step 2 <u>PRACTISE</u> the methods shown with skill based questions (Sparx/ Corbett textbook tasks)
  - Step 3 <u>APPLY</u> the skills refreshed to more worded, multi step questions from Corbett Maths/ Maths Genie
- Remember to ensure you are marking the work you are completing, using worked solutions to help with any corrections

## **Revision Support**

- Use analysis sheets & DIT tasks from previous assessments to try & plug any gaps
- Teaching from w/c 15<sup>th</sup> April and during the mock period will only focus on mock preparation/ revision & no new content
- Extended learning tasks will focus on retrieving topic areas which will appear on the mocks
- Chromebook lessons will be delivered to show you how to set up effective independent revision
- It is down to you to support these in school strategies through working at home, to ensure you reach your full potential <sup>(2)</sup>

## Science



# Science

### Y10 Mocks-Key information

### GCSE Combined Science: Trilogy

8464

Find all the information, support and resources you need to deliver our specification.

 Teaching from:
 September 2016

 Exams from:
 June 2018

 QAN code:
 601/8758/X



### **GCSE** Chemistry

8462

Find all the information, support and resources you need to deliver our specification.

 Teaching from:
 September 2016

 Exams from:
 June 2018

 QAN code:
 601/8757/8

### **GCSE** Physics

8463

Find all the information, support and resources you need to deliver our specification.

 Teaching from:
 September 2016

 Exams from:
 June 2018

 QAN code:
 601/8751/7

### **GCSE** Biology

#### 8461

Find all the information, support and resources you need to deliver our specification.

 Teaching from:
 September 2016

 Exams from:
 June 2018

 QAN code:
 601/8752/9

## Exam Dates

### Combined (Trilogy) Science

Exam	Date
Science Paper 1 (1 hour)	Monday 22 <sup>nd</sup> April
Science Paper 2 (1 hour)	Thursday 25 <sup>th</sup> April

### **Triple Science**

Exam	Date
Biology	Monday 22 <sup>nd</sup> April
Chemistry	Thursday 25 <sup>th</sup> April
Physics	Monday 29 <sup>th</sup> April

Combined science (10DS1-10DS4) will be doing higher tier papers. Sets 5-7 will be doing foundation tier papers.

All Triple science students will be sitting the Higher Tier papers

## What will be assessed? Combined (Trilogy) Science

Content which will be assessed in the mock exams

Paper 1	Paper 2	
C1-Atomic Structure (Y9)	C5-Energy changes (Y10)	
C2-Structure and Bonding (Y10)	C8-Chemical Analysis (Y9)	
P1-Energy (Y9 + Y10)	P6-Waves (Y10)	
P2-Electricity (Y10)	P5-Forces (5.1-5.3) (Y9)	
B1-Cell Biology (Y9)	B6-Inheritance, Variation and	
B2-Organisation (Except plant tissues,	Evolution (Y10)	
organs and systems) (Y9)	B5-Homeostasis and Response (Y9)	

### **Specification**

We follow the AQA exam board specification for Combined (Trilogy) science

https://filestore.aqa.org.uk/resources/science/specifications/AQA-8464-SP-2016.PDF

## What will be assessed? Triple Science

Content which will be assessed in the **mock exams** 

Biology Paper	Chemistry Paper	Physics Paper
B1-Cell Biology (Y9)	C1-Atomic Structure (Y9)	P1-Energy (Y9 + Y10)
B2-Organisation (Except plant tissues, organs and	C2-Structure and Bonding (Y10)	P2-Electricity (Y10)
systems) (Y9)		P5-Forces (Y9)
	C4-Chemical Changes	
B3-Infection & Response (Y10)	(Y9)	P6- Waves (Y10)
	C5-Energy changes (Y10)	
B5-Homeostasis and		
Response (Y9)	C6-Rate and extent of chemical change (Y10)	
B6-Inheritance, Variation		
and Evolution (Y10)	C8-Chemical Analysis (Y9)	

# How can they prepare for the mocks?

Join the google classroom groups

Combined (Trilogy) science=p3vy7pw

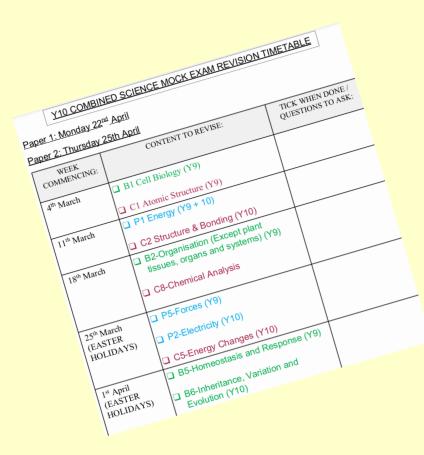
Triple science=Ifm5cdf

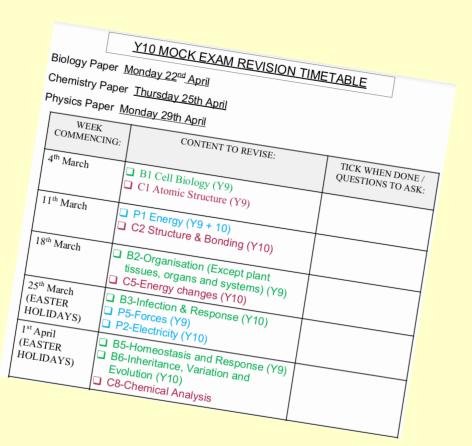
## Science Google classroom

Y10 Combined Science (Trilogy Science)		M
Stream Classwork People Marks		🗖 🛆 🕸
	+ Create All topics	
	Paper 1-Monday 22nd April	:
	Edited 23 Feb	:
	Except plant tissues and organs	
	View material	
	Edited 23 Feb	:
ri	Edited 23 Feb	:
il	P1-Energy Edited 23 Feb	:
	C2-Structure and Bonding Edited 23 Feb	:

# How can students prepare for this?

• Follow the revision timetable and complete any extended learning your science teacher sets.





## • Carousel learning-Online flashcards

	19 COMING UP	
	What is the function of chloroplasts?	
	I GOT THIS WRONG NEARLY RIGHT RIGHT	
EXIT		RESET DECK

You can then test yourself on each flashcard and state if you were right, nearly right or wrong.

Or you could generate a quiz and test yourself ..

BIOLOGY PAPER 1 STUDY PACK BY DH					SIGNED IN AS
	TITLE (epicenal) B1 Cells Quiz WHICH TOPICS WOULD YOU LIKE TO INCLUDE? B1 - Cell Structure (20) × B2 - Cell Transport (10) × B3 - Cel	fl Division (19) x		× [ •	
	NUMBER OF QUESTIONS (MAX. 49) Enter a number (e.g. 10) Required	•	EXIT	GENERATE QUIZ	

Trilogy Science Carousel Paper 2 study pack links:-
<u>10ds1</u>
Paper 1 https://app.carousel-learning.com/study-pack/60b78d7b-62a7-4f7b-952a-0f7492a9c7d3
Paper 2 https://app.carousel-learning.com/study-pack/afa8d47d-1d1c-48a6-8470-1b6b4dc09be7
<u>10ds2</u>
Paper 1 https://app.carousel-learning.com/study-pack/36900e26-0b2f-4582-8abe-3b00aea554d1
Paper 2 https://app.carousel-learning.com/study-pack/de2917d5-adf8-4125-9eee-baabadd62c85
<u>10ds3</u>
Paper 1 https://app.carousel-learning.com/study-pack/73655d69-5f86-42e0-8103-194319ef042f
Paper 2 https://app.carousel-learning.com/study-pack/12494fc6-079f-4435-819e-759fc8bfa4dd

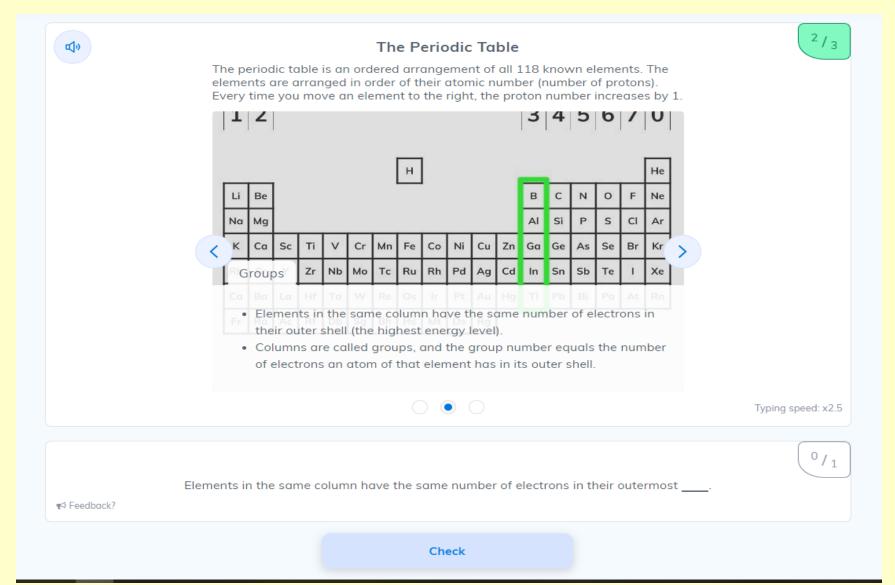
(!)

### Self quizzing using the learning mats (found on google classroom)

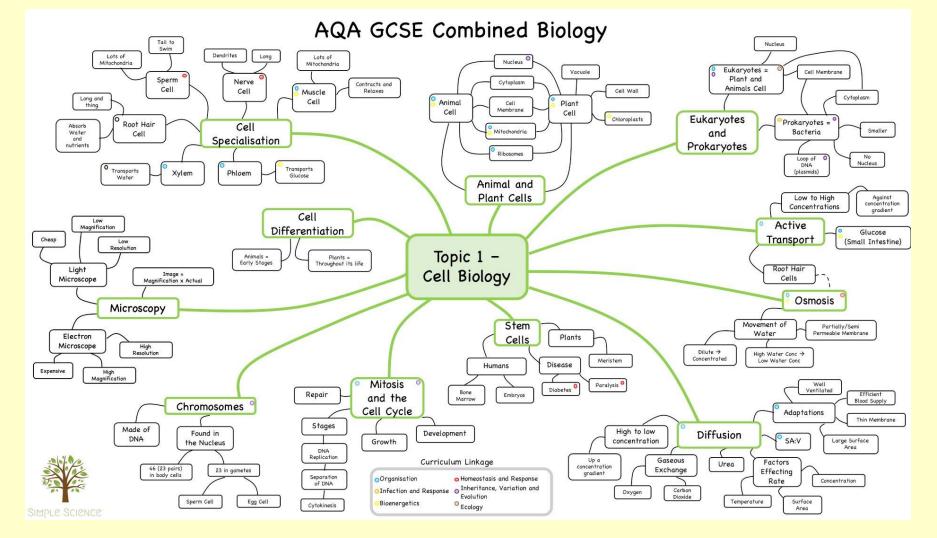
ONE: Key Vocabulary		TWO: Core Questions		THREE: Key Diagrams	
Term	Definition	Question	Answer	The Lock and Key Mechanism	
Tissue	A group of specialised cells with a similar structure and function	How does an enzyme	The enzyme has an 'active site' which fits the shape of the substrate and then	tataw - topycopiates	
Organ	A group of tissues working together to perform a specific function	WOIKE	breaks it down. It is highly specific.	Y Y	
Organ system	A group of organs working together which combine to make an organism	What are the products of digestion used for?	Build new carbohydrates, lipids and proteins. Glucose is also used in respiration		
Enzyme	A highly specific biological catalyst made from protein	Where is bile made and stored and what does it do?	It is made in the liver and stored in the gall bladder. It emulsifies fats and neutralises stomach acid		
Carbohydrase	An enzyme that breaks down carbohydrates into simple sugars		Protein – Biuret reagent – purple colour	37°C Enzymes denature	
Protease	An enzyme that breaks down proteins to amino acids	used for the 4 food tests	what are the chemicals starch logical blue (black colour	at high	
Lipase	An enzyme that breaks down lipids (fats) to fatty acids and glycerol			and substrate.	
Denatured	When an enzyme changes shape due to high temperatures or a change in pH and the substrate no longer fits	What 2 organs produce all 3 digestive enzymes?	Small intestine and pancreas	o pt pt pt pt pt pt pt pt	
Blood	A transport substance containing 4 main components - Red blood cells, white blood cells, plasma and platelets	What is the function of the heart?	It is an organ that pumps blood around the body in a double circulatory system. The right ventricle pumps blood to the lungs and the left ventricle pumps blood to the rest of the body.	0 10 20 30 40 50 60 Temperature °C	
Pacemaker	A group of cells located in the right atrium which controls natural resting heart rate	What is meant by double circulatory	Blood passes through the heart twice in one complete circulation of the body.	Pulmonary artery Aorta	
Artificial pacemaker	Electrical devices used to correct irregularities in the heart	system? What is the problem	Reduction in blood flow (axvaen) to the	Vena cava	
Statins	Prescription drugs that reduce blood cholesterol levels slowing down the rate of fatty material deposit	with coronary heart disease and how can it be resolved?	tissues of the heart can be treated with a stent to open up the artery, a heart bypass or statins.	Heart valve Fondons etteched to	
Health	The state of physical and mental well-being	What are the pros and cons of the different types of value	Biological valves are not as long lasting but they do not require anti-clotting meds. Mechanical valves last longer	vative and heart walt	
Non – communicable diseases	Diseases not caused by microbes	replacements?	meas. Mechanical valves last longer but you have to take the medication. Some people object to having animal tissue out into them.	Right ventricle	

Please note, while these contain a lot of important key words & questions, this is not the complete content to learn for this topic. Please also refer to exercise books/revision guides/BBC Bitesize in your revision

### Seneca learning-Online quizzes



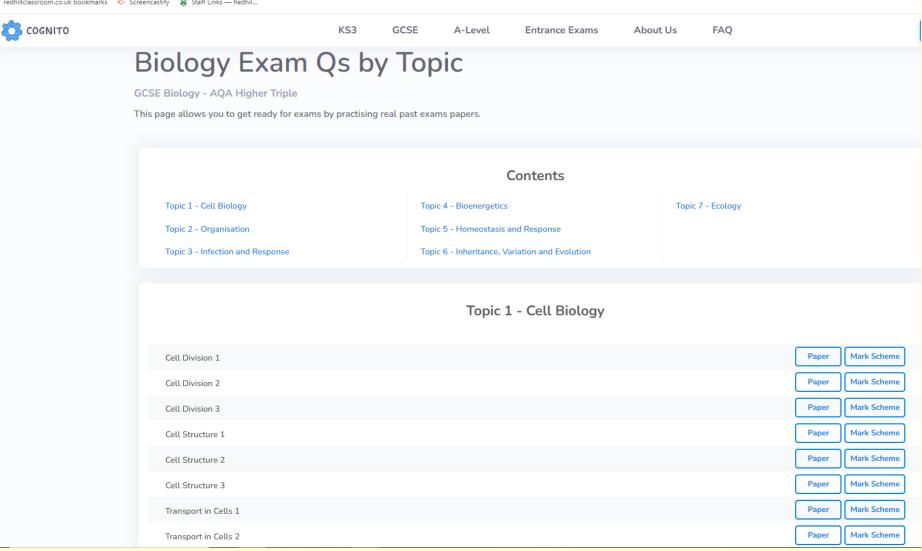
 Mindmaps/Revision notes from YouTube videos (freesciencelessons) and PIXL powerpoints on google classroom.

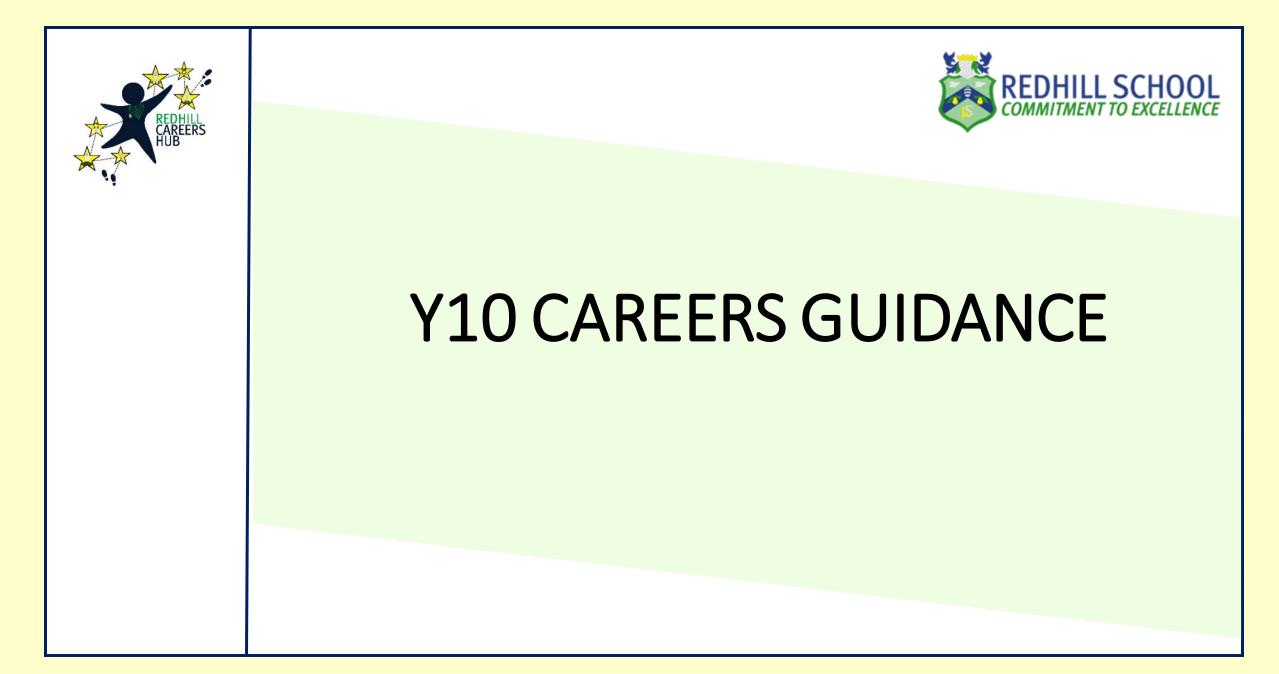


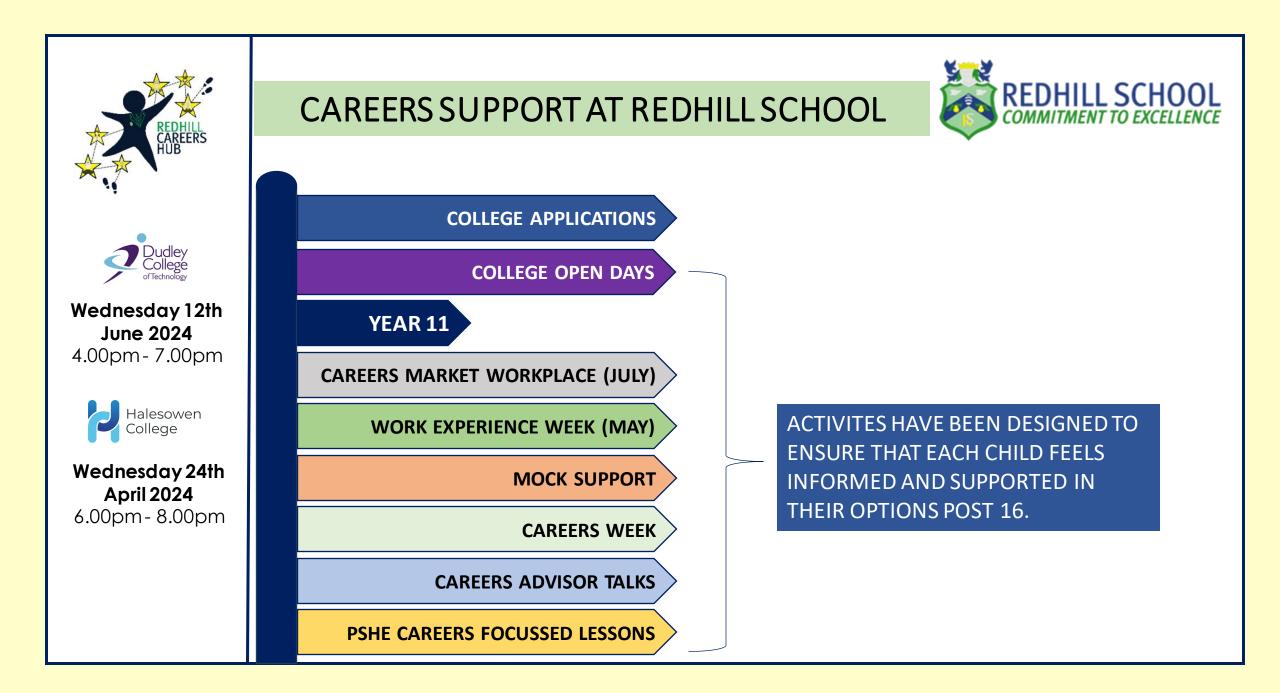
### • Past paper questions-CognitoEdu

← → C cognitoedu.org/qsbytopic/b2-gcse-aqa-h-t Ŵ

🕞 redhillclassroom.co.uk bookmarks 🔹 🌼 Screencastify 🛛 👹 Staff Links — Redhil...









## CAREERS SUPPORT OUTSIDE OF SCHOOL



#### Understand the Importance of Mock Exams:

Recognise that mock exams are a valuable opportunity to practice under exam conditions, identify strengths and weaknesses, and improve before the final GCSE exams. If applying to colleges in September, October, you will be asked for your mock grades.

#### **Explore Interests and Skills:**

Take time to reflect on subjects and activities you enjoy or excel at, as these can provide insights into potential career paths.

#### Find out about different courses

Research different Post 16 options, Apprenticeships, T'Levels, ALevels' Btec etc.

#### Stay informed about Higher Education

Research universities, colleges, and courses to understand the different pathways available after completing your GCSEs and how they relate to various career fields.

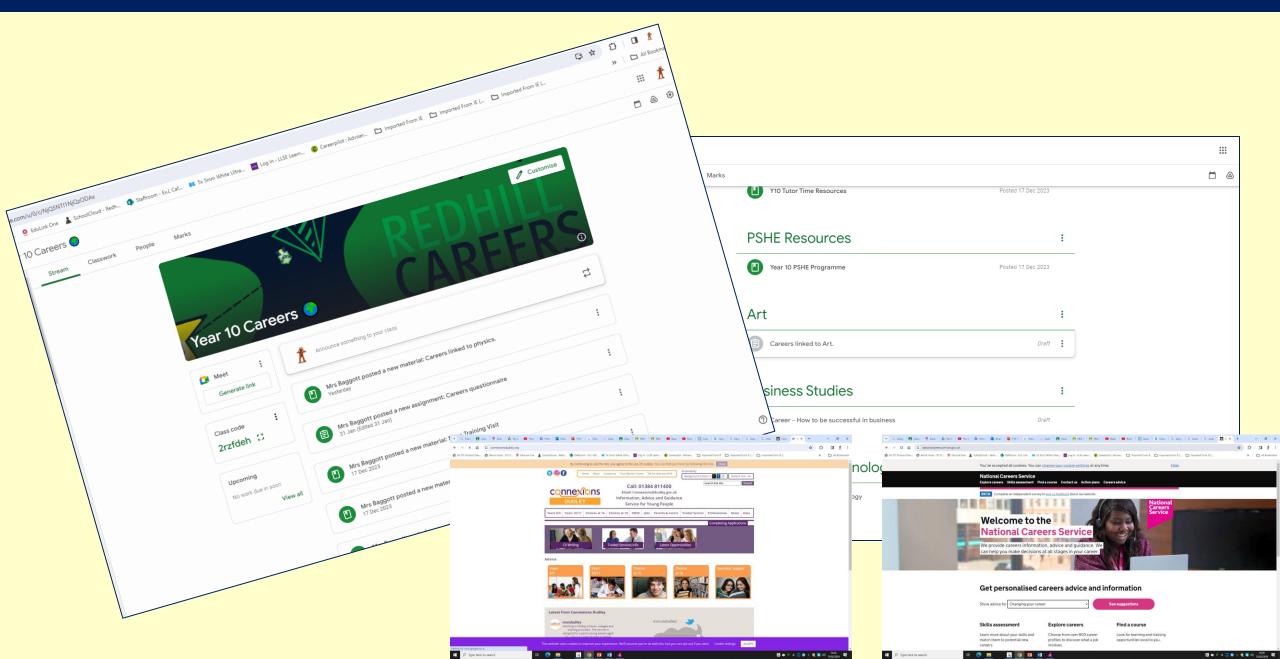
### Create a basic CV

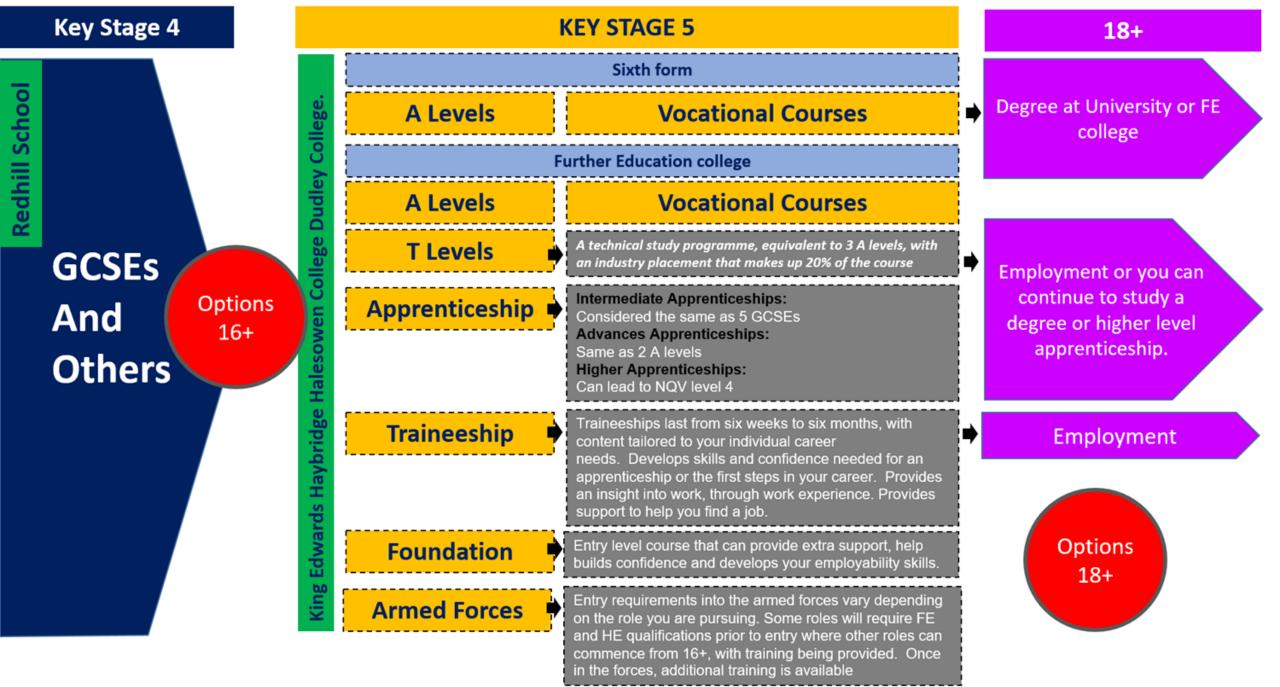
Start putting together a simple CV that includes your education, any work experience, skills, and extracurricular activities. This will be useful for work experience placements and future job applications.

### Y10 Google Classroom Careers Page

Research different Post 16 options, Apprenticeships, T'Levels, ALevels' Btec etc.

### Google Classroom Careers Page





Vocational courses provide training and qualifications related to a specific job, such as being a plumber, hairdresser or a professional cook

### **Redhill School - Careers**

